

#### **Section 1. Chemical Product and Company Information**

Product Name : OXYdiff

Other means of identification : Peracetic Acid, Acetyl Hydroperoxide, Peroxyacetic Acid

Recommended Use : Sanitizer

Restrictions on Use : Reserved for industrial and professional use.

Distributor Information : PreVasive USA, LLC

3643 Explorer Trail, ste. D

Oakwood, GA 30566 (855.966.6772)

Dilution rate : Up to 2.5% Date of issue : 4/14/2022

EPA Registration No. : 58300-27-91628

EMERGENCY HEALTH INFORMATION: 1 (800) 424-9300 Outside United States and Canada CALL: +1 (703) 741-5500

#### Section 2. Hazards Identification

**GHS Classification** 

Oxidizing liquids : Category 2
Organic peroxides Type F

Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 4

Acute toxicity, dermal : Category 3

Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1

Serious eye damage/eye : Category 1

irritation

Specific target organ toxicity, :

single exposure

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic

environment, long-term hazard

Category 2

Category 3

Category 2

GHS Label Element

Hazard pictograms



Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : Heating may cause a fire; May intensify fire; oxidizer. Harmful if

swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes serious eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with

long lasting effects.

**Precautionary Statements** 



**Prevention:** Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No

smoking. Keep/Store away from clothing and other combustible materials. Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles. Keep only in original container. Do not breathe mist/vapors. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

**Response:** If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin

(or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously

with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. Collect

spillage.

**Storage:** Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Store at temperatures not

exceeding 25°C / 77°F. Keep cool. Store away from other

materials.

**Disposal:** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Other hazards : None Known

#### Section 3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Pure substance/mixture : Mixture

 Chemical Name
 CAS-No.
 Concentration (%)

 Hydrogen peroxide
 7722-84-1
 26 -28%

 Acetic acid
 64-19-7
 3.0 - 4.5%

 Peracetic acid
 79-21-0
 4.5 - 6.2%

 Other components below reportable levels
 50 - < 60</td>

#### **Section 4. First Aid Measures**

**Inhalation** Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing. Call a poison

center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

**Skin contact** : If on clothing: Rinse immediately contaminated clothing and skin

with plenty of water before removing clothes. Rinse skin with water/shower. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Chemical burns must be treated by a physician.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse..

Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15

minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.



Continue rinsing. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Ingestion

Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

**Most important** symptoms/effects, acute and delaved

Indication of immediate

medical attention and special

Burning pain and severe corrosive skin damage. Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. May cause respiratory irritation.

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Chemical burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be

delayed.

**General Information** 

treatment needed

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Contact with combustible material may cause fire. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take

precautions to protect themselves. Show

this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash

contaminated clothing before reuse.

Protection of first aiders

If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific

personal protective equipment.

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically.

#### Section 5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media

Specific hazards during fire fighting

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters Fire fighting equipment/instructions

hazardous to health may be formed. Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2)...

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the

Greatly increases the burning rate of combustible materials.

Containers may explode when heated. During fire, gases

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Withdraw immediately in case of Rising sound from venting safety device or any discoloration of

tanks due to fire.

fire.

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

May intensify fire, oxidizer. Heating may cause a fire. Contact with combustible material may cause fire.

Specific extinguishing methods General fire hazards



#### Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist/vapors. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Ventilate the contaminated area. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. This product is miscible in water. Should not be released into the environment. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly

to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use.

For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. TO NEUTRALIZE SPILL: Add sodium carbonate (soda ash) at a rate of 1-3 pounds for each gallon of concentrated solution.

IF CONTAMINATION OCCURS: The drum or container may be hot to the touch. Cool the drum with water if possible. Excessive

bubbles may be present in the liquid. Move the drum to an outside location or ventilated area to prevent exposure damage. If possible, dilute the concentrated product within the drum or container. Be aware that heat may be generated during this process.



#### Section 7. Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles. Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials. Do not breathe mist/vapors. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in tightly closed container. Keep only in the original container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from other materials. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers.

DO NOT allow the concentrated solution to contact any metals other than stainless steel. Preferred materials are plastics such as polypropylene, PVC, polyethylene, Kynar and PTFE.

DO NOT allow galvanized metal, copper, iron, steel or brass to come in contact with the concentrated solution.

DO NOT place anything into the concentrated drum that is not new in order to avoid contamination and unwanted reaction.

DO NOT return unused solution back into the drum.

DO NOT store the product in direct sunlight.

### **Section 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection**

		ACGIH TLV's		OSHA PEL's		NIOSH REL's	
	CAS-No	TWA	STEL	TWA	STEL	TWA	STEL
Acetic Acid	64-19-7	10ppm	15ppm	10ppm		10ppm	15ppm
Hydrogen Peroxide	7722-84-1	1ppm		1ppm		1ppm	
Peracetic Acid	79-21-0		0.4ppm				

Biological limit values Engineering measures No Biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s). Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Personal protective equipment Eye protection

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) and a face shield.

snieia.



**Hand protection** : Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Be aware that the liquid may penetrate the gloves. Frequent change is advisable.

Other protection : Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an

impervious apron is recommended.

**Respiratory protection** : In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory

equipment. Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge.

**Thermal hazards** : Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

**Hygiene measures** : Keep from contact with clothing and other combustible

materials. Remove and wash contaminated clothing promptly. When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective

equipment to remove

contaminants.

#### **Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties**

Appearance : Liquid
Color : Colorless

Odor : Pungent Vinegar pH : 2.54 +/- 0.5

Flash point : 75 °C

Odor Threshold : No data available Freezing point : Not available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

: 212°F (100°C)

Evaporation Rate : No data available
Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available
Upper explosion limit : No data available
Lower explosion limit : No data available
Vapor pressure : 22 mm Hg (25°C)
Relative vapor density : No data available
Relative density : Not available

Water solubility : miscible

Solubility in other solvents : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No data available

Autoignition temperature : No data available
Thermal decomposition : No data available
Viscosity, kinematic : No data available
Explosive properties : No data available

Oxidizing properties : May intensify fire; Oxidizer



Molecular weight No data available

VOC 7% estimated Specific gravity 1.13 @25°C

#### Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity Greatly increases the burning rate of combustible materials.

Reacts violently with strong alkaline substances. This product

may react with reducing agents.

Stable under normal conditions. Chemical stability

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to avoid Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and

other ignition sources. Sunlight. Contact with incompatible

materials. Do not mix with other chemicals.

Bases. Strong oxidizing agents. Combustible material. Incompatible materials

Reducing agents.

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

Toxic gas.

#### Section 11. Toxicological Information

Information on likely routes of

exposure

Inhalation, Eye contact, Skin contact, Ingestion

Inhalation

May cause irritation to the respiratory system. Prolonged

inhalation may be harmful.

Skin contact

Toxic in contact with skin. Causes severe skin burns.

Eyes contact

Causes serious eye damage.

Ingestion

Harmful if swallowed. Causes digestive tract burns.

Symptoms related to the

Burning pain and severe corrosive skin damage. Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing,

physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage

blindness could result. May cause respiratory irritation.

In high concentrations, vapors are anesthetic and may cause

Acute toxicity : headache, fatigue, dizziness and central nervous system

effects. Toxic in contact with skin. Harmful if swallowed.



#### **Toxicity**

Species /Test Results **Product** 

OXYdiff

Acute Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 200 - 2000 mg/kg

Acute Oral

LD50 Rat 1098 mg/kg

**Components Species / Test Results** 

Acetic Acid (CAS 64-19-7)

Acute Oral

LD50 Rat 3310 mg/kg

Hydrogen Peroxide (CAS 7722-84-1)

Acute Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg

Inhalation

> 170 mg/m3, 4 hLC50 Rat

Acute Oral

LD50 Rat 1193 - 1270 mg/kg

Peracetic Acid (CAS 79-21-0)

**Acute Dermal** 

Rabbit 1147 mg/kg

Inhalation

Mouse 204 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 4 h

**Acute Oral** 

1656 mg/kg Rat

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Causes serious eye damage

Respiratory or skin Not a respiratory sensitizer. This product is not expected to

sensitization

cause skin sensitization.

Risk of cancer cannot be excluded with prolonged exposure. IARC has concluded that "occupational exposure to strong inorganic mists containing sulfuric acid is carcinogenic for Carcinogenicity humans (Group 1)". This product is not expected to be present

in the form of inorganic mist during normal use.

No data available to indicate product or any components Germ cell mutagenicity present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Hydrogen Peroxide (CAS 7722-84-1) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Not listed.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

This product is not expected to cause reproductive or Reproductive toxicity.

Not classified.

developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure **Aspiration hazard** Not an aspiration hazard

Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may Chronic effects

cause chronic effects

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#### Section 12. Ecological Information

**Ecotoxicity** 

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Because of the low pH of this product, it would be expected to produce significant ecotoxicity upon exposure to aquatic organisms and aquatic systems

Acetic Acid (CAS 64-19-7)

Aquatic Acute

Algae Algae EC50 > 1000 mg/l, 72 hDaphnia Crustacea EC50 > 1000 mg/l, 48 h Oncorhynchus mykiss Fish EC50 > 1000 mg/l, 96 h

Hydrogen Peroxide (CAS

7722-84-1) Aquatic

Algae Acute Daphnia Algae EC50

1.38 mg/l, 72 h Fathead minnow 2.4 mg/l, 48 h Crustacea EC50 (Pimephales Fish LC50 16.4 mg/l, 96 h promelas) Chronic

Daphnia

0.63 mg/l, 21 d

Crustacea NOEC

Peracetic Acid (CAS 79-21-

0)

Aquatic

Algae 0.16 mg/l, 72 h Acute Daphnia 0.73 mg/l, 48 h Algae EC50 Bluegill (Lepomis Crustacea EC50 1.1 mg/l, 96 h macrochirus) Fish LC50

Daphnia Chronic

Crustacea NOEC Fish NOEC

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential No data available

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Acetic Acid

No data available Mobility in soil

No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion,

Other adverse effects photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global

warming potential) are expected from this component.



#### **Section 13. Disposal Considerations**

Disposal instructions :

Dispose of this material and its container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency,

or the Hazardous

Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for

guidance.

Local disposal regulations : Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code : The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the

user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner

(see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow

label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty

containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site

for recycling or disposal.

#### **Section 14. Transport Information**

The shipper/consignor/sender is responsible to ensure that the packaging, labeling, and markings are in compliance with the selected mode of transport.

Land transport (DOT)

UN number : UN 3109

Description of the goods : Organic peroxide type F, liquid

(Peroxyacetic acid, type F,

stabilized)

Class : 5.2 Subsidiary class : 8

Packing group

Special precautions for user : Read safety instructions, SDS

and emergency procedures

before handling.

Special provisions IP5

Packaging exceptions152Packaging non bulk225Packaging bulk225ERG number145

IATA

UN number : UN 3109



**Description of the goods** : Organic peroxide type F, liquid

(Peroxyacetic acid, type F,

stabilized)

Class : 5.2 Subsidiary class : 8

Packing group
Transport hazard class(es)

Class 5.2 Subsidiary risk 8

Packing group

**Environmental hazards ERG Code**5L

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS

and emergency procedures

before handling.

Other informationAllowed with restrictionsPassenger and cargo aircraftAllowed with restrictionsCargo aircraft onlyAllowed with restrictions

Sea transport (IMDG/IMO)
UN number : UN 3109

**Description of the goods** : ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE

F, LIQUID (PEROXYACETIC ACID, TYPE F, STABILIZED), MARINE POLLUTANT

Class : 5.2

Subsidiary class : 8

Packing group : Environmentally hazardous

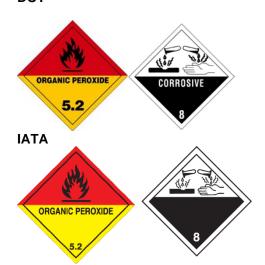
Marine pollutant Yes

EmS F-J, S-R

**Special precautions for user**Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures

Transport in bulk according to Not established
Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

DOT





#### **IMDG**



#### Marine pollutant



IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant.

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

General information

### **Section 15. Regulatory Information**

EPA Registration Number

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know

US federal regulations

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) All components of the mixture on the TSCA 2(b) inventory are

of the mixture on the TSCA 8(b) inventory are

designated

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707,

Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

Delayed Hazard - No

Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No

58300-27-91628

Reactivity Hazard - Yes

### **Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)**

Classified hazard categories Oxidizer (liquid, solid, or gas) Organic

peroxide

Acute toxicity (any route of exposure) Skin

corrosion or irritation

Serious eye damage or eye irritation Specific target organ toxicity (single or

repeated exposure)

**Hazard categories** Immediate Hazard – Yes

Delayed Hazard - No

Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No

Reactivity Hazard - Yes

Chemical name

CAS number Reportable quantity (pounds)

Threshold planning quantity

(pounds)

Threshold planning quantity, lower value

(pounds)

Threshold planning quantity, upper value

(pounds)



#### SAFETY DATA SHEET

Hydrogen	7722-84-1	1000	1000
Peroxide			
Peracetic Acid	79-21-0	500	500

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Yes

SARA 313 (TRI reporting) : The following components are subject to reporting levels

established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

Chemical NameCAS% by wt.Peroxyacetic acid79-21-05.3 %

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112
Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List
Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r)
Accidental Release Prevention (40

CFR 68.130)

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)
Drug Enforcement Administration
(DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals
(21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2)
and Chemical Code Number
Drug Enforcement Administration
(DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical
Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))
DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures
Code Number

FEMA Priority Substances
Respiratory Health and Safety in the
Flavor Manufacturing Workplace
FIFRA Information

Not regulated

Peracetic Acid (CAS 79-21-0)

Not regulated

Acetic Acid (CAS 64-19-7) High priority

This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets, and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. Listed below is the hazard information as

required on the pesticide label.

Signal word DANGER

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

Hazard statement CORROSIVE. Causes irreversible eye damage and skin

burns. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if inhaled. Do not get into eyes, on skin or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Wear goggles or face shield and chemical-resistant gloves and protective clothing when handling. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove contaminated

clothing and wash clothing before reuse.

California Prop 65 : This product does not contain any chemicals known to

the State of California to cause cancer, birth, or any

other reproductive defects.

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

United States TSCA Inventory : All components are listed or exempted.



Canadian Domestic Substances

List (DSL)

**Australia Inventory of Chemical** 

Substances (AICS)

New Zealand. Inventory of

**Chemical Substances** 

Japan. ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory Japan. ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory

Japan. ISHL - Inventory of Chemical Substances

Korea. Korean Existing Chemicals

**Inventory (KECI)** 

Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)

China. Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) : All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL.

: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

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On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

#### **Section 16. Other Information**

HMIS® ratings NFPA ratings

Health: 3

Flammability: 0 Physical hazard: 1

Health: 3

Flammability: 0 Instability: 1

Special hazards: OX

Issuing date : 03/14/22 Version : 3.0 Prepared by : RJD

REVISED INFORMATION: Significant changes to regulatory or health information for this revision is indicated by a bar in the footer margin of the SDS.

The information provided in this Material Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.